## UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO BOULDER, COLORADO

#### Economics 4413 International Trade

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## Course Outline and Reading List

The Course Outline given below lists the major topics we will deal with in this course.

Professor Maskus and I are currently completely rewriting a 1995 textbook of ours: Markusen, Melvin, Kaempfer, and Maskubsternational Trade: Theory and Application Science Hill, 1995.

The CU bookstore has duplicated and bound chapters 2-12 which are on sale there. Chapter 1 will be posted on the course website and also on my personal website. It will hopefully be up on the weekend.

<u>http://spot.colorado.edu/~markus</u>enwill let you know exactly where to find this and further chapters as we produce them.

We have been working hard all summer on this, and I do not have a revised version of my classroom notes yet. However, last year'ses(which were written pending the revision) are quite up to date and may also be found on my website. Click on "teaching" on the left and then on 4413. These are large font slides, so I suggest that you print two (or even four) to a page.

Assessment in the course will consist of:

1st mid-term exam	30% Friday October 2
2nd mid-term examd(ate subject to chang)e	30% Wednesday November 4
Final Exam	40% Set by registrar

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August, 2009

# PART I: TECHNICAL TOOLS AND THE GAINS FROM TRADE

In this part of the course, we develop and **rev** basic tools of microeconomic theory that we will use throughout the course.

- 1. Supply and Production Possibilities MM chapter 2
- 2. Preferences, Demand, and Welfare MM chapter 3
- 3. General Equilibrium in Open and Closed Economics M chapter 4.
- 4. The Gains from Trade MM chapter 5.

#### PART II: DETERMINANTS OF TRADE

This section analyzes the different underlying causes of international trade and the gains from trade.

# PART IV: FACTOR TRADE AND DIRECT FOREIGN INVESTMENT

The final section of the course looks at **traid** factors of production and direct foreign investment be multinational firms.

- 1. Trade in Factors of Production MM chapter 14
- 2. Direct Foreign Investment MM chapter 16
- 3. Migration MM chapter 17

## PART III: TRADE POLICY

This part of the course analyzes the principal tools that governments use to influence trade. We analyzed the effects of the policies and try to understand the reasons that governments choose the policies they do.

- 1. Tariffs MM Chapter 18
- 2. Quotas MM chapter 19
- 3. Imperfect Competition, Increasing Returns, and Strategic Trade Policy. MM chapter 20
- 4. Preferential Trade Areas MM chapter 21
- 5. The Political Economy of Trade Policy MM chapter 22.

## International Trade - Economics 4413

### International Trade - Review/Sample Questions

- 1. Suppose that there are two goods, X and Y, and only one factor of production L. Assume that Y is produced with constant returns and X is produced with increasing returns. Explain the shape of the production possibilities frontier. What the significance of this shape for trade?
- 2. The balance-of-trade condition is equivalent to the condition that the value of a country's production equals the value of its consumption. True/false, explain.
- 3. Two countries can gain from trade even if one country has an absolute advantage in the production of all goods. True/false, explain.
- 4. Construct one careful example to show how one individual can lose from trade even if the country as a whole gains from trade relative to autarky. Does this help us understand controversies over trade liberalization?
- 5. The free-trade price ratio must lie between the autarky price ratios of the two countries. True/False, explain.
- 6. State the factor-price equalization theorem. What is its implications for the wage of unskilled labor in the US following trade liberalization?
- 1. Government policies can induce trade or reverse the direction of trade, but such trade is not necessarily beneficial. True, False, explain.
- 2. Production and consumption taxes tend to have opposite effects on the direction of trade. True, False, explain.
- 3. Define the concept of pro-competitive gains from trade and give an example of when they might arise.
- 4. "Gains from trade in the presence of scale economies can be taken either in the form of the same number of products at lower prices, or more products at the same prices." Explain this statement.
- 5. State the "Linder Hypothesis". What empirical facts are this theory suppose to explain? Why can't the Heckscher-Ohlin model explain these facts?

- 1. Under what circumstance is the effect of an import quota the same as the effects of an import tariff?
- 2. What is "quota rent" and how is it distributed in a quota that is auctioned off versus a voluntary export restraint?
- 3. Analyze the effect of an export subsidy (assume perfect competition, no distortions).
- 4. Discuss briefly the intuition behind the argument that a country's welfare may be improved by a production or export subsidy for an industry producing with increasing returns and imperfect competition.
- 5. Present alternative assumptions to those in question 3 such that we arrive at the conclusion that a subsidy is welfare worsening.
- 6. What is the argument underlying "import protection as export promotion"? What is assumed about production?
- 7. State the "theory of the second best". In what way does it underlay the concept of strategic trade policy?
- 8. Explain "trade creation" and "trade diviers". How was this relevant to Mexico in evaluating NAFTA?
- 9. Discuss in what sense trading goods and trading factors are equivalent.
- 10. Present a situation in which trading goods and factors are in some sense complements.
- 11. Outline the OLI view of multinational firms. What are the principal sources of ownership advantages for multinational firms?
- 12. Discuss the reasons why multinational firms are closely associated with knowledge capital or knowledge based assets.

Students: here are a list of comments that we are urged to put on our syllabus. I personally find some of this juvenile, offensive, and patronizing. The most annoying thing is that the

322, and www.Colorado.EDU/disabilityservices Disability Services' letters for students with disabilities indicate legally mandated reasonable accommodations. The syllabus statements and answers to Frequently Asked Questions can be found at www.colorado.edu/disabilityservices

Campus policy regarding religious observances requires that faculty make every effort to deal reasonably and fairly with all students who, becaufsreligious obligations, have conflicts with scheduled exams, assignments or required attendance. In this class, {{insert your procedures here}} See full details at http://www.colorado.edu/policies/fac\_relig.html

Students and faculty each have responsibility for maintaining an appropriate learning environment. Those who fail to adhere to such behavioral standards may be subject to discipline. Professional courtesy and sensitivity are especially important with respect to individuals and topics dealing with differences of race, culture, religion, politics, sexual orientation, gender, gender variance, and nationalities. Class rosters are provided to the instructor with the student's legal name. I will gladly honor your request to address you by an alternate name or gender pronoun. Please advise me of this preference early in the semester so that I may make appropriate changes to my records. See policies at

http://www.colorado.edu/policies/classbehavior.html and at

http://www.colorado.edu/studentaffairs/joidailaffairs/code.html#student\_code

The University of Colorado at Boulder policy on Discrimination and Harassment, the University of Colorado policy on Sexual Harassment and the University of Colorado policy on Amorous Relationships apply to all students, staff **ancul**ty. Any student, staff or faculty member who