Worksheet: Seeking Mental Health Services in the community with your insurance

What is your insurance pl	an?						
Do you have a copy of you	ur card*?	Yes/no	*If not how do I get one				
What is the member/cust	tomer service num	ber for your	insurance?				
Questions to ask when ca	alling customer sei	rvice:					
What is your copay for ou	Primary Care/Specialist						
What is your deductible?		I	ndividual/Family				
Does the deductible apply to outpatient mental health services? Yes/no							
Has your deductible been	met for the year?	If not, how	much is left before it is met?				
Is there a co insurance?	If so, how much?						
Are you covered for service	ces in Colorado?						

Does your plan cover out of network outpati 1 9 \$t) 57mmea \$\text{9}\$ (t) 57\text{1} (t) ata \$\text{6} = 0a \text{2} \text{2} \text{1}\$ (? (t) (a) \text{2} v) \text{18} (1 9 (o) . \text{9} s \text{3} (0.00 \text{4} c 0.00 \text{7} \text{3}_\text{2})

• Ask if your insurance is accepted, even if you got their name from your insurance web site. All

- Ask if your insurance is accepted, even if you got their name from your insurance web site. All are not current and the provider will be able to answer the question
- Ask how missed appointments are handled
- Explore provider availability and how it fits with your schedule
- Ask if provider offers a free consultation to explore good fit
- Know your goals for therapy. What would things look like if you met your goals or no longer nee
 therapy? Try to be specific, such as improved motivation, better concentration, improved slee
 increased energy, sense of calm, managing depressed thinking, etc.

Script for contacting a therapist:

My name is	·
I am a CU Boulder	(undergraduate/graduate) student.
I am looking for a therapist who I can see	(frequency) that I can access using my private
insurance	(name of insurance plan including PPO or HMO).
I need support surrounding	
(diagnosis, description of symptoms).	
I am available to schedule for my appointments on	(days available)
between	(hours available).
I hope to begin seeing a local therapist within the next	(provide a time frame).
The best way to reach me is	(provide email and/or phone number).

Definitions: Insurance terms

Coinsurance - In property insurance, requires the policyholder to carry insurance equal to a specified percentage of the value of property to receive full payment on a loss. For health insurance, it is a percentage of each claim above the deductible paid by the policyholder. For a 20% health insurance coinsurance clause, the policyholder pays for the deductible plus 20% of his covered losses. After paying 80% of losses up to a specified ceiling, the insurer starts paying 100% of losses.

Copayment - A predetermined, flat fee an individual pays for health-care services, in addition to what insurance covers. For example, some HMOs require a \$10 copayment for each office visit, regardless of the type or level of services provided during the visit. Copayments are not usually specified by percentages.

Deductible - Amount of loss that the insured pays before the insurance kicks in.

Drug formulary—a list of prescription medications covered by your plan.

Exclusive provider organization (EPO) plan - A more restrictive type of preferred provider organization plan under which employees must use providers from the specified network of physicians and hospitals to receive coverage; there is no coverage for care received from a non-network provider except in an emergency situation.

Explanation of Benefits (EOB): A statement sent from the health insurance company to a member listing services that were billed by a healthcare provider, how those charges were processed, and the total amount of patient responsibility for the claim.

Flexible spending accounts or arrangements (**FSA**) - Accounts offered and administered by employers that provide a way for employees to set aside, out of their paycheck, pretax dollars to pay for the employee's share of insurance premiums or medical expenses not covered by the employer's health plan. The employer may also make contributions to a FSA. Typically, benefits or cash must be used within the given benefit year or the employee loses the money. Flexible spending accounts can also be provided to cover childcare expenses, but those accounts must be established separately from medical FSAs.

Health maintenance organization (HMO)

A health care financing and delivery system that provides comprehensive health care services for enrollees in a particular geographic area. HMOs require the use of specific, in-network plan providers.

In-network provider—a health care professional, hospital, or pharmacy that is part of a health plan's network of preferred providers. You will generally pay less for services received from in-network providers because they have negotiated a discount for their services in exchange for the insurance company sending more patients their way.

Out-of-network provider—a health care professional, hospital, or pharmacy that is not part of a health plan's network of preferred providers. You will generally pay more for services received from out-of-network providers.

Preferred provider organization (PPO)—a health insurance plan that offers greater freedom of choice than HMO (health maintenance organization) plans. Members of PPOs are free to receive care from both in-network or out-of-network (non-preferred) providers, but will receive the highest level of benefits when they use providers inside the network.