Applied Analysis Preliminary Exam

10.00am{1.00pm, August 20, 2013

Problem 1: Show that the non-linear integral equation:

$$v(x) = \cos^2(x) + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-2(x)} ds, \qquad x \in [0, \infty)$$

has a solution in $C^1([0,\infty),\mathbb{R})$.

Problem 2: Calculate the limit. Justify your answer.

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \sin\left(\pi \sqrt{\frac{k}{n}}\right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{kn}}$$

Problem 3: Given a self-adjoint compact operator $A : \ell^2 \longrightarrow \ell^2$, we de ne, for $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$E_{\lambda} = \overline{\operatorname{Span}\{v \in \ell^2 \mid Av = \mu v \text{ for some } \mu \leq \lambda\}}$$

and let

$$E^{\lambda} = E_{\lambda}^{\perp}$$

denote the orthogonal complement of E_{λ} .

- (a) Show that E^1 is nite dimensional and A maps it to itself.
- (b) In general, for what kind of value λ can you guarantee that:
 - (1) E_{λ} is nite dimensional
 - (2) E_{λ} is in nite dimensional
 - (3) E^{λ} is nite dimensional
 - (4) E^{λ} is in nite dimensional

Problem 4: Let *H* be a Hilbert space with an orthonormal basis $(\varphi)_{=1}^{\infty}$. Suppose further that $(\lambda)_{=1}^{\infty}$ is a sequence of non-negative real numbers such that $\lambda \to \infty$ as $j \to \infty$. Define for any nite positive integer *n*, the operator *A* $(t) \in \mathcal{B}(H)$ via