APPM 3570/STAT 3100

Exam 3 Fall 2022

NAME:		

SECTION: 001 at 9:05 am

Instructions:

- 1. Notes, your text and other books, cell phones, and other electronic devices are not permitted, except as needed to view and upload your work, and except calculators.
- 2. Calculators are permitted.
- 3. Justify your answers, show all work.
- 4.

(c) Suppose the number of foreign fragments in a portion of peanut butter is a random variable with a mean of 3 and a variance of 3. Suppose a random sample of 50 portions of peanut butter are collected and the average number of foreign fragments in a portion is calculated. What is the probability of observing an average of 3.6 or more fragments?

Solution:

- (a) (10 points)
 - (i) (5 points) The possible outcomes of X_1 and X_3 are:

Outcome	X_1	X_3	Prob.		
YYG	1	0	2/10 * 1/9 * 8/8 = 16/720		
YGY	1	1	2/10 * 8/9 * 1/8 = 16/720		
YGG	1	0	2/10 * 8/9 * 7/8 = 112/720		
GYY	0	1	8/10 * 2/9 * 1/8 = 16/720		
GYG	0	0	8/10 * 2/9 * 7/8 = 112/720		
GGY	0	1	8/10 * 7/9 * 2/8 = 112/720		
GGG	0	0	8/10 * 7/9 * 6/8 = 336/720		

The joint pmf of X_1 and X_3 is:

$$X_3$$
0 1
 X_1 0 448/720 128/720
1 128/720 16/720

The joint pmf of X_1 and X_3 after simplication is:

$$X_3$$
 0 1 X_1 0 28/45 8/45 1 8/45

$$P(X_3 = 1 j X_1 = 1) = \frac{P(X_3 = 1; X_1 = 1)}{P(X_3 = 1)} = \frac{\frac{1}{45}}{\frac{9}{45}} = \frac{1}{9}$$

- $P(X_3 = 1 j X_1 = 1) = \frac{P(X_3 = 1; X_1 = 1)}{P(X_3 = 1)} = \frac{\frac{1}{45}}{\frac{9}{45}} = \frac{1}{9}.$ (ii) (5 points) $P(X_1 = X_3) = P(X_1 = 0; X_3 = 0) + P(X_1 = 1; X_3 = 1) = \frac{28}{45} + \frac{1}{45} = \frac{29}{45}.$ (b) (12 points) (i) (4 points) We are given that $X_i^{(i)1}$ (ii) (4 points) We are given that $X_i^{(i)1}$

(c) (6 points) By the Central Limit Theorem,
$$\overline{X}^{approx} N(3) = \frac{3}{50}$$
. $P(X > 3.6) = P(Z > \frac{3.6}{.245}) P(Z > 2.45) = 1 (2.45) 1 .9929 = .0071.$

Problem 2. (28 points) Let (X;Y) be jointly distributed random variables with conditional pdf given by:

$$f_{YjX}(yjx) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2y}{x^2} & 0 < y < x \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{pmatrix}$$

and marginal pdf of X given by:

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 5x^4 & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the joint pdf of X and Y.
- (b) Find the marginal pdf of Y:
- (c) Find E[Y|X] and use it to nd the expectation of Y:
- (d) Find Cov(X; Y).

Solution:

(a) (7 points)

$$f_{X;Y}(x;y) = f_{YjX}(yjx)f_X(x)$$

$$f_{X;Y}(x;y) = \begin{cases} 10x^2y & 0 < y < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) (7 points)

$$f_{Y}(y) = \int_{y}^{Z} 10x^{2}y \ dx$$

$$= \frac{10x^{3}y}{3} \Big|_{y}^{1}$$

$$= \frac{10y}{3} \quad \frac{10y^{4}}{3}$$

$$f_{Y}(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{10y}{3} & \frac{10y^{4}}{3} & 0 < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) Suppose that the time it takes (in hours) to replace a failed battery is uniformly distributed over (0, .8), independently. Approximate the probability that all batteries have failed before 1000 hours have passed.

Solution:

(a) (11 points) Let X_i be the lifetime of the ith battery, i = 1/2/2/200: $E[X_i] = 4/2 \text{ Var}(X_i) = 16$ By the CLT, $\sum_{n=1}^{200} X_i^{200} N(800/3200)$

P(
$$X_i > 810$$
) P $Z > \frac{810}{\cancel{3200}} = P(Z > :1768)$
1 (:18)
= 1 :5714 = :4286

(b) (15 points) Let R_i be the time needed to replace the ith battery, i = 1/2/2/200: $E[R_i] = .4$; $Var(R_i) = .8^2 \quad 1=12 = .0533$

$$E[\bigcap_{n=1}^{199} R_i] = 79.6; \text{ Var}(\bigcap_{n=1}^{199} R_i) = 10.6067$$
By the CLT,
$$\bigcap_{n=1}^{200} X_i + \bigcap_{n=1}^{199} R_i \xrightarrow{approx} N(879.6; 3210.61)$$

$$P(X_i + \bigcap_{n=1}^{200} X_i + \bigcap_{n=1}^{299} R_i < 1000) \quad P \quad Z < \frac{1000 \quad 879.6}{3210.61}$$

$$= P(Z < 2.1249)$$

$$(2.12)$$

$$= .983$$

Bonus Problem. (3 points) Let X be a random variable with mean 50 and variance 25. If X is the number of cars produced in a week at a particular auto manufacturing plant, nd a lower bound on the probability that the production of cars in a week is between 30 and 70.

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Solution: P X 50 20
$$\frac{\text{Var}(X)}{400} = \frac{25}{400} = \frac{1}{16}$$
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